

Examination No.

OFFICE OF THE TLC

Signature

UGANDA HEALTH PROFESSIONS ASSESSMENT BOARD
YEAR 1: SEMESTER 1: EXAMINATIONS

CERTIFICATE IN NURSING

Foundations of Nursing I and
Basic Computer
Paper Code: CN 112

June 2025

3 HOURS

IMPORTANT

1. Write your examination number on the question paper and answer sheets
2. Read the questions carefully and answer **only** what has been asked in the question
3. Answer all the questions
4. The paper has three sections

For Examiner's use only

Section	Qn.	Result	Initials
A	MCQs		
	Fill in		
B	31		
	32		
C	33		
	34		
Total			

Turn over

SECTION A: Objective Questions

Circle the correct answer (20 marks)

1. A patient who develops a body temperature of 39° is sponged withwater.
(a) cold.
(b) tepid.
(c) cool.
(d) warm.
2. Which of the following parameters does the nurse **NOT** consider while taking vital signs?
(a) Temperature.
(b) Respiratory rate.
(c) Body weight.
(d) Blood pressure.
3. Nurses perform disinfection of equipment in theroom.
(a) sluice.
(b) examination.
(c) treatment.
(d) dressing.
4. The method of lifting a patient from chair to bed with nurses facing each other is
(a) australian.
(b) through arm.
(c) grip hand.
(d) orthodox.
5. Nursing is recognised as an art because it is a profession
(a) filled with action.
(b) with moral principles.
(c) of practical knowledge.
(d) with spiritual content.

6. Patients with neglected mouth care are at high risk of
(a) gingivitis.
(b) halitosis.
(c) dental caries.
(d) glossitis.
7. Which of the following is **NOT** a pressure point for a patient in supine position?
(a) Acromion.
(b) Elbow.
(c) Sacrum.
(d) Occiput.
8. Which of the following protects the patient against bedsores?
(a) Applying friction on the skin.
(b) Limiting patient mobility.
(c) Minimising fluid intake.
(d) Frequently turning patients.
9. Which of the following is the founder of modern nursing?
(a) Elizabeth Jones.
(b) Mother Kevin.
(c) Catherine Cook.
(d) Florence Nightingale.
10. A nurse who fails to use aseptic technique when required may be held responsible for
(a) damage.
(b) malpractice.
(c) negligence.
(d) discrimination.
11. A soiled dressing removed from a wound is disposed off into abin.
(a) yellow.
(b) black.
(c) red.
(d) brown.

12. The knee-chest position in nursing care is indicated for
(a) rectal examination.
(b) postural drainage.
(c) vaginal examination.
(d) perineal examination.
13. Which type of hospital bed is suitable for the patient who has fracture femur with POP?
(a) Fracture.
(b) Divided.
(c) Admission.
(d) Occupied.
14. Which of the following is **NOT** a characteristic of second stage of rigor?
(a) Shivering stops.
(b) Profuse sweating.
(c) Skin feels hot.
(d) Patient maybe restless.
15. Which of the following techniques involves the sense of sight?
(a) Palpation.
(b) Auscultation.
(c) Inspection.
(d) Percussion.
16. Which of the following parameters do nurses check for while assessing respiration?
(a) Volume.
(b) Rhythm.
(c) Symmetry.
(d) Rate.
17. The most effective method of processing instruments is
(a) decontamination.
(b) high level disinfection.
(c) sterilisation.
(d) autoclaving.

18. The most appropriate nursing action for an infected patient with chills and shivering is to
 (a) cover with additional bed linen.
 (b) provide increased ventilation.
 (c) increase fluid intake.
 (d) apply iced alcohol sponges.
19. Which of the following is **NOT** a storage device for data?
 (a) Compact disc.
 (b) Read only memory.
 (c) Flash disc.
 (d) Floppy disc.
20. Which of the following is an output device?
 (a) Windows.
 (b) Printer.
 (c) Keyboard.
 (d) Mouse.

Fill in the blank spaces (10 marks)

21. The art and science of providing compassionate patient-centred care is called
22. The bed appliance used by nurses to prevent jerking of an amputated stump is called
23. The an ulcerated, sloughed area of tissue resulting from pressure is called
24. Nurses are able to remove dry blood stains from hospital linen by applying a chemical called
25. An isolation technique where a patient suspected of a contagious disease is screened under heavy physical infection prevention measures is called
26. After feeding, nurses turn the head of an unconscious patient to the side to prevent

27. The part of a stethoscope placed over the felt artery is called
28. The commonest site for taking pulse in adults is known as
29. The button on the keyboard used to go to the next line is known as
30. The pointing arrow which is moved by the mouse on the computer screen is called

Answer Sections B and C in the answer booklets provided

SECTION B: Short Essay Questions (20 marks)

31. Outline ten (10) general principles of performing all nursing procedure. (10 marks)
32. (a) List five (5) indications of a divided bed. (5 marks)
 (b) List five (5) precautions taken during hand washing. (5 marks)

SECTION C: Long Essay Questions (50 marks)

33. (a) State five (5) protective gears used in nursing and the body parts they protect. (10 marks)
 (b) Describe the process of waste segregation and management in a health facility. (10 marks)
 (c) State five (5) reasons why medical waste may be poorly managed. (5 marks)
34. (a) List five (5) input devices of computers. (5 marks)
 (b) Explain five (5) characteristics of computers. (10 marks)
 (c) Describe five (5) measures taken to protect computers against viruses. (10 marks)

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